

# Android Gradle 构建系统·初探

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# About Me

- 主要从事 Android 和 Backend Service 开发
- 目前创业, [bugtags.com](http://bugtags.com), 帮助开发团队快速迭代
- 对技术和创业感兴趣
- 博客: [kvh.io](http://kvh.io)
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- 《拥抱 Android Studio》

# Outline

- About This Topic
- Prerequisites
- Android New Build System
- Pearls in Code
- Gradle Plugin in Action
- Summary

# About This Topic

- The very beginning
- Turn out to be huge
- Step by step
- Overview & action

# The Very Beginning

- Users' problem in Bugtags SDK integration
- FAQ of beginners
- 《拥抱 Android Studio 》系列博客解决了部分用户的疑惑
- We should go further

# Huge Topic

- Source code: core lib > **2.5GB**, whole system **25GB**
- More than **50** sub-projects
- Android team is working on it since **2013**(even earlier)
- Under **heavy development**(instant-run,jack jill,data-binding, native development support, etc.)

# Overview & Action

- Project overview
- Pearls found in code
- Learn from code
- Plugin in action

# Prerequisites

- Basics of Groovy and Gradle  
ref: <http://kvh.io/cn/embrace-android-studio-groovy-gradle.html>
- Basics of Android Gradle build tool and process  
ref: <http://kvh.io/cn/embrace-android-studio-indepth.html>



# Warmup: Groovy

- Dynamic language on JVM
- Improve development productivity
- Functional programming
- DSL support

# What's DSL

- Domain Specific Language 领域限定的语言
  - 一系列处理问题的规则
  - 如何处理这个问题的语言描述
  - 语言描述的解析器
- 我个人认为是：
  - 用配置的方式来写码

# Warmup: Gradle

- Modern build tools for Java and other languages
- Build on Groovy
- Build file: every project has a build file
- Easy to learn and use
- DSL, not XML

```
bugtags {  
    mappingUploadEnabled false  
}
```

# Warmup: Gradle Cont'

- `Project[rootProject, subProject]`
- Plugin
- Task
- Action

# Gradle Cli

- gradle & gradlew

use specific version of gradle as you wish

[https://docs.gradle.org/current/userguide/gradle\\_wrapper.html](https://docs.gradle.org/current/userguide/gradle_wrapper.html)

- wrapper structure

gradlew (UN\*X Shell script)

gradlew.bat (Windows batch file)

gradle/wrapper/gradle-wrapper.jar (Wrapper JAR)

[gradle/wrapper/gradle-wrapper.properties](#) (Wrapper properties)

`distributionUrl=https://services.gradle.org/distributions/gradle-2.10-all.zip`

# Gradle Cli Cont'

- Execute cli, UN\*X & Windows  
`./gradlew` (UN\*X)  
`gradlew.bat` (Windows)
- Some useful commands  
`clean build --info`  
`projects`  
`tasks`  
`assemble`  
`build -x test`
- Ref  
<http://kvh.io/cn/gradle-indepth-cmd.html>

# Android Gradle Build Tool

- One plugin package

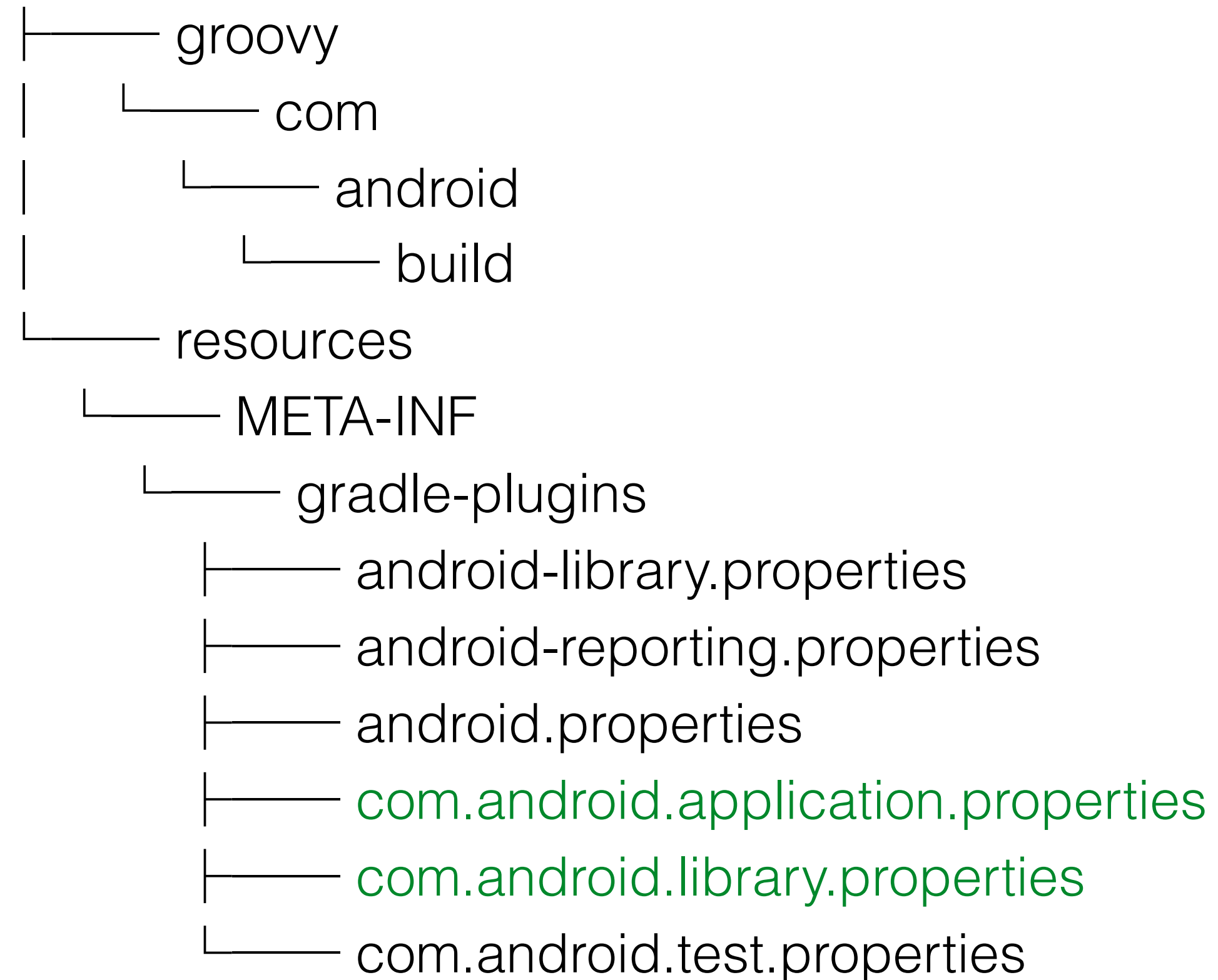
```
buildscript {
    repositories {
        jcenter()
    }
    dependencies {
        classpath 'com.android.tools.build:gradle:2.1.0'
    }
}
```

- Two plugins:

```
apply plugin: 'com.android.application': apk
apply plugin: 'com.android.library': aar
```

# Android Gradle Plugin Package Directory Structure

**src/main**





# Android Gradle Build Output

- apk:

```
.  
├── AndroidManifest.xml  
├── META-INF  
├── classes.dex  
├── res  
└── resources.arsc
```

- aar:

- /AndroidManifest.xml (mandatory)
- /classes.jar (mandatory)
- /res/ (mandatory)
- /R.txt (mandatory)
- /assets/ (optional)
- /libs/\*.jar (optional)
- /jni/<abi>/\*.so (optional)
- /proguard.txt (optional)
- /lint.jar (optional)

# Android New Build System

- Website
- Bintray Repository & Dependencies
- Source Code
- Project Structure

# Website

- <http://tools.android.com/>
- <http://tools.android.com/tech-docs>  
My favorite site
- <http://tools.android.com/build>  
how to build the [build system]

# Android Gradle Plugin DSL for Users

- What we are familiar with

```
apply plugin: 'com.android.application|library'
```

```
android {  
    defaultConfig{}  
    buildTypes{}  
    lintOptions{}  
    packageOptions{}  
    //...  
}
```

- Explain what you can config inside

<http://google.github.io/android-gradle-dsl/current/index.html>

# Bintray Repository

- Android Gradle Plugin: version, developer  
<https://bintray.com/android/android-tools/com.android.tools.build.gradle>
- Whole system: 40 projects  
<https://bintray.com/android/android-tools>
- Sometimes our library can depends on some android-tool projects

# Android Gradle Plugin's Dependencies

com.android.tools.build:gradle [Gradle Plug-in for Android](#)

> com.android.tools.build:gradle-core [Core Library for Android Gradle Plug-in](#)

->

com.android.tools.build:builder [Android Builder library](#)

com.android.tools.build:lint

com.android.tools.build:transform-api

com.android.tools.build:gradle-api [Android Gradle API](#)

com.android.databinding:compilerCommon [Data Binding Compiler Common](#)

...

# Source Code

- Git repository  
[https://android.googlesource.com/platform/tools/base/+gradle\\_2.0.0](https://android.googlesource.com/platform/tools/base/+gradle_2.0.0)
- Use USTC source instead  
<https://lug.ustc.edu.cn/wiki/mirrors/help/aosp>

# Source Code Cont'

- Download repo tool

```
mkdir ~/bin
```

```
PATH=~/bin:$PATH
```

```
curl https://storage.googleapis.com/git-repo-downloads/repo > ~/bin/repo
```

```
## if the above is not working, try the following
```

```
## curl https://storage.googleapis.com/git-repo-downloads/repo > ~/bin/repo
```

```
chmod a+x ~/bin/repo
```

- Init: put source code in **~/android/gradle**

```
mkdir -p ~/android/gradle
```

```
cd ~/android/gradle
```

```
repo init -u git://mirrors.ustc.edu.cn/aosp/platform/manifest -b gradle_2.0.0
```

- Sync

```
repo sync
```

- Wait

about 8 hours





# Project Structure

- Directories

**cd ~/android/gradle**

```
|—— external  
|—— frameworks  
|—— prebuilts  
|—— sdk  
└── tools //main project
```

- Find out projects

**cd ~/android/gradle/tools**

**./gradlew projects**

# Part of the Project List

Root project 'tools'

+--- Project ':base'

| +--- Project ':base:annotations'

| +--- Project ':base:ant-tasks'

| +--- Project ':base:api-generator'

| +--- Project ':base:archquery'

| +--- Project ':base:asset-studio'

| +--- Project ':base:builder'

| +--- Project ':base:builder-model'

| +--- Project ':base:builder-test-api'

| +--- Project ':base:chartlib'

| +--- Project ':base:common'

| +--- Project ':base:ddmlib'

| +--- Project ':base:docs'

# Learn from Subproject's build.gradle File

- Every sub-project is a gradle project
- Read build.gradle file, find out what is it.

eg. **com.android.tools.build:builder**

**cd ~/android/gradle/tools/base/build-system/builder**

```
group = 'com.android.tools.build'
```

```
archivesBaseName = 'builder'
```

```
version = rootProject.ext.buildVersion
```

```
project.ext.pomName = 'Android Builder library'
```

```
project.ext.pomDesc = 'Library to build Android applications.'
```

# Try to Build

- Gradle build guideline  
<http://tools.android.com/build#TOC-Building-the-Android-Gradle-Plugin>

- Create output directory

```
cd ~/android/gradle  
mkdir -p out/dist
```

- Assemble

```
cd ~/android/gradle/tools  
./gradlew clean assemble
```

# Try to Build Cont'

- May fail for JDK version check(i don't have JDK 1.6 in my mac)

```
vim ~/android/gradle/tools/buid.gradle
```

```
if (!jvmVersion.startsWith(requiredVersion)) {  
    //throw new RuntimeException("Tools need to be compiled with Java $requiredVersion,  
you are using Java $jvmVersion.")  
}
```

- build result in out/dist

# Pearls in Code

- Learn from the project structure
- Learn how Android team members code

# buildSrc Project

- `~/android/gradle/tools/buildSrc`
- Actually **a plugin for sub-project**
- Will run **before** any other sub-project

# Gradle Plugin Types

- Three types of gradle plugin:

**build script:simple**

**buildSrc project**

**standalone project: share**

- Ref:

<http://kvh.io/cn/embrace-android-studio-gradle-plugin.html>



# buildSrc Project Cont'

- internal plugins

```
.
├── META-INF
│   └── gradle-plugins
│       ├── clone-artifacts.properties
│       ├── jsoup.properties
│       ├── license-report.properties
│       ├── native-setup.properties
│       ├── offline-repo.properties
│       ├── pegdown.properties
│       ├── presubmit-runner.properties
│       ├── sdk-files.properties
│       ├── sdk-java-lib.properties
│       ├── sdk-tools.properties
│       └── windows-setup.properties
```

# buildSrc Project Cont'

- Gradle build script collections, sub-project reference them  
~/android/gradle/tools/buildSrc/base

- List

```
.  
├── base.gradle  
├── baseJava.gradle  
├── bintray.gradle  
├── build.gradle  
├── gradle.properties  
├── gradlew  
├── gradlew.bat  
├── javadoc.gradle  
├── publish.gradle  
├── release.gradle  
├── settings.gradle  
├── update_from_root.sh  
└── version.gradle
```

# android.jar as classpath

- Android library with **pure Java code**
- You will **never** need an **android library module**
- eg. `~/android/gradle/tools/base/instant-run/instant-run-server`

# android.jar as classpath

## Cont'

- How it works

```
apply plugin: 'java'
```

```
File androidJar = new File(System.env.ANDROID_HOME + '/platforms/android-23/  
android.jar');  
if (!androidJar.exists()) {  
  
throw new RuntimeException("android-23 android.jar not found at " + androidJar.absolu  
tePath)  
}
```

```
configurations {  
    provided  
}
```

```
dependencies {  
    compile project(':base:instant-run:instant-run-runtime')  
    provided files(androidJar)  
}
```

```
sourceSets {  
    main { compileClasspath += configurations.provided }  
}
```

# Dependency Configurations

- dependencies {  
    compile|provided('a:b:1.0.0')  
}
- Customization for dependency
- ~/android/gradle/tools/base/build-system/gradle-core

# Dependency Configurations Cont'

- `includeInJar`

```
configurations {  
    includeInJar  
}
```

```
dependencies{  
    includeInJar(':insta-run:server')  
}
```

```
jar {  
    into('instant-run') {  
        from configurations.includeInJar  
    }  
}
```

# Dependency Transitive

- $A \rightarrow B \rightarrow C$
- `compile(A)` will have B, C downloaded
- ```
compile(A){  
    transitive = false  
}
```
- will stop download B, C

# Dependency Transitive Cont'

- When depends on an aar package
- eg.
- io.kvh.public:library:1.0.0 is an aar package
- **depends on** com.mcxiaoke.volley:library:1.0.19



# Dependency Transitive Cont'

using

- `compile('io.kvh.public:library:1.0.0@aar')`

or

```
compile('io.kvh.public:library:1.0.0') {  
    transitive = false  
}
```

- **volley** library **won't be** downloaded

# Code Analysis Tool

- findbug: static code analysis tool
- jacoco: code coverage analysis tool

# Gradle Plugin in Action

- Understand task dependency
- Learn about Android Gradle tasks
- Write a simple plugin
- Ref

<http://kvh.io/cn/embrace-android-studio-gradle-plugin.html>

# Task Dependency

- Gradle task dependencies

[https://docs.gradle.org/current/userguide/more\\_about\\_tasks.html](https://docs.gradle.org/current/userguide/more_about_tasks.html)

- Eg.

```
task hello << {  
    println 'Hello,'  
}
```

```
task world << {  
    println 'World!'  
}
```

# Task Dependency Cont'

```
task intro(dependsOn: hello) << {  
    println 'intro'  
}
```

```
world.finalizedBy hello
```

- ./gradlew intro  
hello intro
- ./gradlew world  
world hello

# Task Dependency Cont'

- Do things in right time
- Find the right task to dependsOn or finalizedBy

# Android Gradle Plugin Tasks

- `./gradlew -p app tasks`
- or
- `./gradlew -p app clean assembleRelease -x test -x lint`
- `-x`: remove tasks of little importance

# Critical Tasks

- **mergeReleaseResources: merge resources**
- **processReleaseManifest: process manifest**
- **processReleaseResources: process & compile resources**
- **compileReleaseJavaWithJavac: compile Java**
- **transformClassesAndResourcesWithProguardForRelease: proguard**
- **transformClassesWithDexForRelease: dex java class**
- **packageRelease: package aar or apk**



# Our Plugin Requirements

- Upload proguard mapping files to server
- Run before packaging finish
- Run after proguard, when mapping file is generated

# dependsOn

- task uploadMapping
- def variantName = 'release|debug'
- "package\${variantName}".**dependsOn**  
uploadMapping
- uploadMapping.**dependsOn**  
"transformClassesAndResourcesWithProguardFor\${  
variantName}"

# Summary

- Groovy & Gradle knowledge speedup your development: know what, how, why
- Gradle Plugin: automation, copy output files to some dir
- SDK development: split module, and merge
- Next step: go further

# Ads

- [bugtags.com](http://bugtags.com) 帮助 APP 开发者快速迭代
- 上线一年，上万企业，近十万的 APP
- 优秀的 SDK(Android | iOS) 工程师
- 后端工程师(PHP)、大数据工程师、产品/用户运营
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# Q&A



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# Thanks

- Good day